64. The pattern of provision of development grant suggested for Central Universities should apply by and large to the institutions deemed to be universities.

65. A statutory body for extending financial assistance to Delhi colleges be constituted and UGC may not directly fund Delhi colleges.

66. The Governing Bodies of Delhi colleges should be reorganized and conferred adequate powers and authority.

67. UGC in consultation with Government of India should set up a committee regarding the future set up of the Delhi colleges in light of the foreseeable demand for new colleges in the National Capital Territory of Delhi. This may *inter-alia* require multi-campus structure or alternatively starting new universities.

68. Recommendation made for resource generation in respect of Central Universities should be applicable to Delhi colleges.

69. The Academic Audit System and Performance indicators should be finalised in consultation with the colleges and made applicable to them.

70. The 4 colleges affiliated to BHU may continue their affiliation to BHU until they voluntarily relinquish it.

71. A Banaras Hindu University College Funding Council be constituted under the Chairmanship of Pro-Vice-Chancellor, BHU which will receive funds both from UGC and U.P. State Government for disbursement to these colleges.

Coal-based Fertilizer Plants

300. SHRIABHAY KANT PRASAD: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) the details of coal-based fertilizer plants established in the country so far;

(b) the details of fertilizer plants closed so far;

(c) whether Talcher Fertilizer Plant has been closed alongwith its heavy water plants; and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (DR. CHHATTRA PAL SINGH): (a) Ramagundam (Andhra Pradesh) and Talcher (Orissa) of Fertilizer Corporation of India (FCI) are the two coal-based urea plants set up in the country so far.

(b) The following urea plants are closed due to various reasons including, *inter-alia,* on account of technological obsolescence, feedstock limitation, non-viability of unit/company and heavy financial losses:

Name of the Company	Unit (feed-stock	State	Year of closure
Fertilizer Corporation of India Ltd.	Gorakhpur (Naphtha)	Uttar Pradesh	1990
	Ramagundam (Coal)	Andhra Pradesh	1999
	Sindri (FO/LSHS)	Jharkhand	2002
	Talcher (Coal)	Orissa	1999
Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation Ltd.	Barauni (Naphtha)	Bihar	1999
	Durgapur (Naphtha)	West Bengal	1997
Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd.	Neyveli (FO/LSHS)	Tamil Nadu	2002
Rashtriya Chemicals & Fertilizers Ltd.	Trombay-I (Gas)	Maharashtra	1995

(c) and (d) The Government has closed FCI including its Talcher unit because of techno-economic non-viability. The Department of Atomic Energy has suspended the production of Heavy Water at Talcher. due to inadequate availability of feedstock from the fertilizer unit of FCI.